
Corporate Account Takeover

Information Security Awareness

Brought to you by:

Community Credit Union

The information contained in this session may contain privileged and confidential information.

This presentation is for information purposes only. Before acting on any ideas presented in this session; security, legal, technical, and reputational risks should be independently evaluated considering the unique factual circumstances surrounding each institution.

No computer system can provide absolute security under all conditions.

Any views or opinions presented do not necessarily state or reflect those of **Community Credit Union** or any other entity.

What will be covered?

1. What is Corporate Account Takeover?
2. How does it work?
3. Statistics
4. Current Trend Examples
5. What can we do to Protect?
6. What can Businesses do to Protect?

What is corporate account takeover?

A fast growing electronic crime

where thieves typically use some form of malware

to obtain login credentials to Corporate Online Banking accounts

and fraudulently transfer funds from the account(s).

Malware

Short for *malicious software*, is software designed to infiltrate a computer system without the owner's informed consent.

Malware includes computer viruses, worms, trojan horses, spyware, dishonest adware, crimeware, most rootkits, and other malicious and unwanted software.

Domestic and International Wire Transfers,
Business-to-Business ACH payments,
Online Bill Pay
and electronic payroll payments
have all been used to commit this crime.

How does it work?

1. Criminals target victims by scams
2. Victim unknowingly installs software by clicking on a link or visiting an infected Internet site.
3. Fraudsters began monitoring the accounts
4. Victim logs on to their Online Banking
5. Fraudsters Collect Login Credentials
6. Fraudsters wait for the right time and then depending on your controls – they login after hours or if you are utilizing a token they wait until you enter your code and then they hijack the session and send you a message that Online Banking is temporarily unavailable.

Statistics

Where does it come from?

Malicious websites (including Social Networking sites)

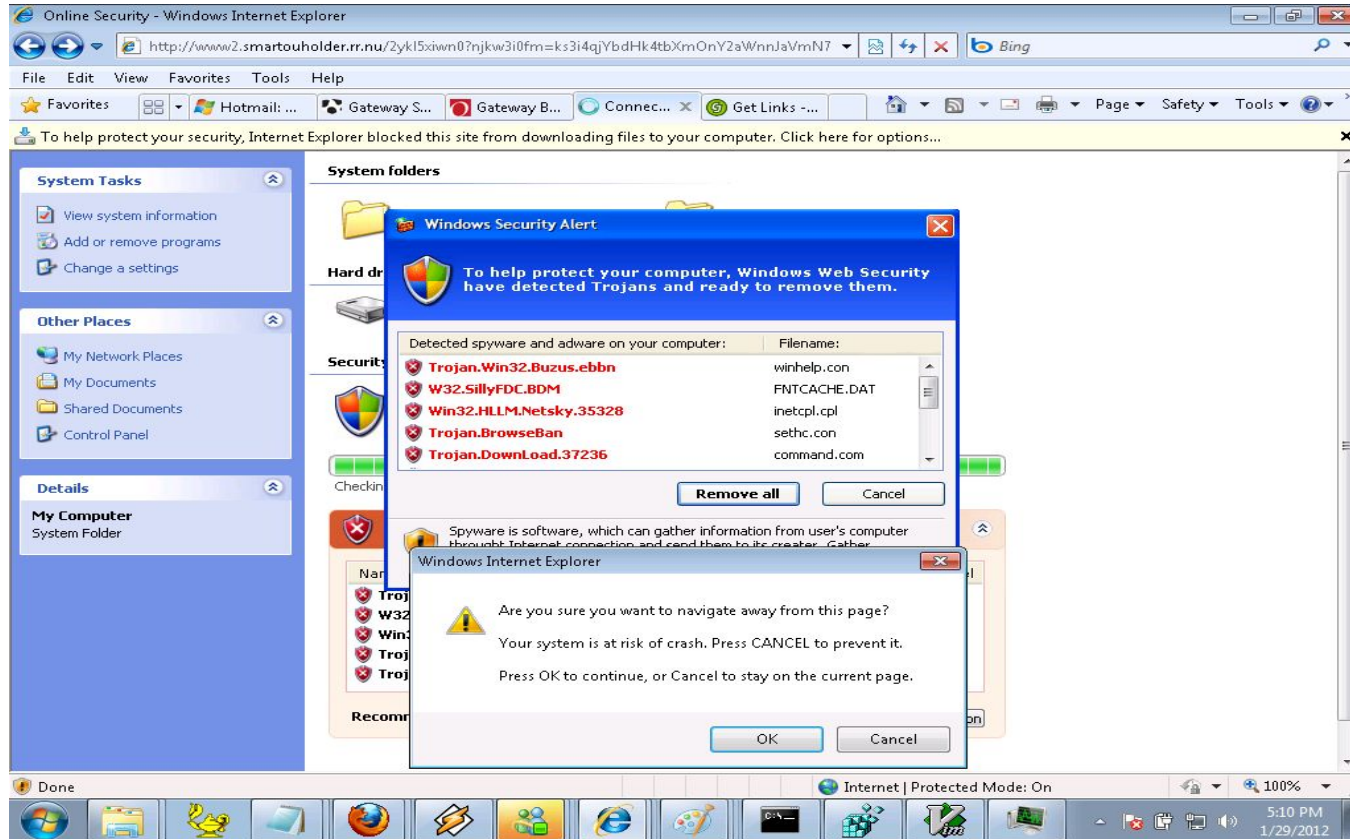
Email

P2P Downloads (e.g. LimeWire)

Ads from popular web sites

Web-borne infections: According to researchers in the first quarter of 2011, 76% of web resources used to spread malicious programs were found in 5 countries worldwide ~ United States, Russian Federation, Netherlands, China, & Ukraine.

Rogue Software and Scanware



Phishing

Criminally fraudulent process of attempting to acquire sensitive information (usernames, passwords, credit card details) by masquerading as a trustworthy entity in an electronic communication.

Commonly used means:

Social web sites

Auction sites

Online payment processors

IT administrators

PayPal

BOGUS URL

[Home](#) | [Personal](#) | [Business](#) | [Developers](#)

[Get to Know PayPal](#) | [Pay Online](#) | [Send Money](#) | [Get Paid](#) | [Products & Services](#)

Account login

Email address

PayPal password

Go to

My account

[Log In](#)

[Problem with login?](#)

WELCOME TO PayPal

The world's most loved way to pay and get paid. [Learn More](#)



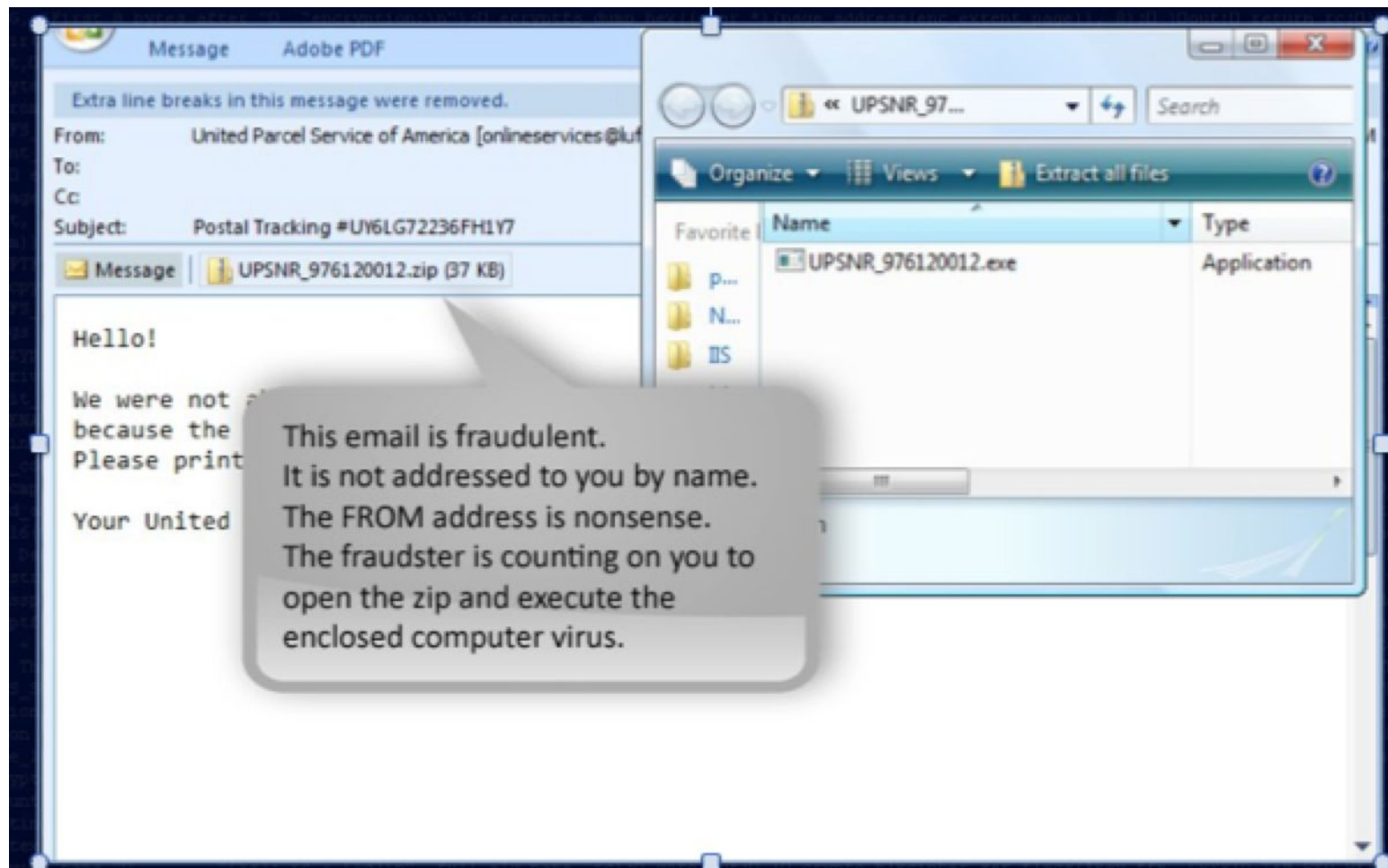
Hidden Powers

Shop at millions of online stores
without risking your identity.

Email usage

CAUTION !

- What may be relied upon today as an indication that an email is authentic may become unreliable as electronic crimes evolve.
- This is why it is important to stay abreast of changing security trends.





Online Banking Alert

Need additional
up to the minute
account
information?
[Sign In »](#)

Your Online Banking is Blocked

Because of unusual number of invalid login attempts on you account, we had to believe that, their might be some security problem on you account. So we have decided to put an extra verification process to ensure your identity and your account security. Please click on [sign in to Online Banking](#) to continue to the verification process and ensure your account security. It is all about your security. Thank you, and visit the customer service section.

Email Usage

1. Some experts feel e-mail is the biggest security threat of all.
2. The fastest, most-effective method of spreading malicious code to the largest number of users.
3. Also a large source of wasted technology resources
4. Examples of corporate e-mail waste:
5. Electronic Greeting Cards
6. Chain Letters
7. Jokes and graphics
8. Spam and junk e-mail

What can we do to protect?

1. Provide Security Awareness Training for Our Employees & Customers
2. Review our Contracts
3. Make sure that both parties understand their roles & responsibilities
4. Make sure our Customers are Aware of
5. Basic Online Security Standards
6. Stay Informed
7. Attend webinars/seminars & other user group meetings
8. Develop a layered security approach

Layered Security

1. Layered Security approach
2. Monitoring of IP Addresses
3. New User Controls – Administrator can create a new user. Bank must activate user.
4. Calendar File – Frequencies, and Limits
5. Dual Control Processing of files on separate devices – recommended
6. Fax or Out of Band Confirmation
7. Secure Browser Key
8. Pattern Recognition Software

What can businesses do to protect?

1. Education is Key – Train your employees
2. Secure your computer and networks
3. Limit Administrative Rights -Do not allow employees to install any software without receiving prior approval.
4. Install and Maintain Spam Filters
5. Surf the Internet carefully
6. Install & maintain real-time anti-virus & anti-spyware desktop firewall & malware detection & removal software. Use these tools regularly to scan your computer. Allow for automatic updates and scheduled scans.
7. Install routers and firewalls to prevent unauthorized access to your computer or network. Change the default passwords on all network devices.
8. Install security updates to operating systems and all applications as they become available.
9. Block Pop-Ups

What can businesses do to protect?

1. Do not open attachments from e-mail -Be on the alert for suspicious emails
2. Do not use public Internet access points
3. Reconcile Accounts Daily
4. Note any changes in the performance of your computer
5. Dramatic loss of speed, computer locks up, unexpected rebooting, unusual popups, etc.
6. Make sure that your employees know how and to whom to report suspicious activity to at your Company & the Bank
7. Contact the Bank if you:
8. Suspect a Fraudulent Transaction
9. If you are trying to process an Online Wire or ACH Batch & you receive a maintenance page.
10. If you receive an email claiming to be from the Bank and it is requesting personal/company information.

— **Thank you!** —
